# Food and Drug Administration, HHS

use this product on animals simultaneously with, or within 2 weeks, before or after treatment with or exposure to, neuromuscular depolarizing agents (i.e., succinylcholine) or to cholinesterase-inhibiting drugs, pesticides, or chemicals.

- (d) NAS/NRC status. Use of this drug has been NAS/NRC reviewed and found effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by §514.111 of this chapter.
- (e) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. 18.2 milligrams per pound of body weight, except for strongyles use 36.4 milligrams per pound of body weight.
- (2) Indications for use. For horses for removal of bots (Gastrophilus nasalis, Gastrophilus intestinalis), large strongyles (Strongylus vulgaris), small strongyles, large roundworms (ascarids, Parascaris equorum), and pinworms (Oxyuris equi).
- (3) Limitations. Do not fast horses before or after treatment. Treatment of mares in late pregnancy is not recommended. Surgery or any severe stress should be avoided for at least 2 weeks before or after treatment. Do not administer to sick, toxic, or debilitated horses. Not to be used in horses intended for use as food. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[45 FR 48127, July 18, 1980]

# § 520.2520f Trichlorfon granules.

- (a) Specifications. Each package contains either 18.2 or 36.4 g of trichlorfon.
  (b) Sponsor. See 000856 in §510.600(c) of
- (b) Sponsor. See 000836 III § 310.600(C) (this chapter.
- (c) Special considerations. Trichlorfon is a cholinesterase inhibitor. Do not use this product on animals simultaneously with, or within 2 weeks before or after treatment with or exposure to neuromuscular depolarizing agents (i.e., succinylcholine) or to cholinesterase-inhibiting drugs, pesticides, or chemicals.
- (d) NAS/NRC status. Use of this drug has been NAS/NRC reviewed and found effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by §514.111 of this chapter.
- (e) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. 18.2 milligrams per pound of body weight.
- (2) Indications for use. For horses for removal of bots (Gastrophilus nasalis,

Gastrophilus intestinalis), large roundworms (ascarids, Parascaris equorum), and pinworms (Oxyuris equi).

(3) Limitations. Do not fast horses before or after treatment. Treatment of mares in late pregnancy is not recommended. Surgery or any severe stress should be avoided for at least 2 weeks before or after treatment. Do not administer to sick, toxic, or debilitated horses. Not to be used in horses intended for use as food. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[45 FR 48128, July 18, 1980]

# § 520.2520g Trichlorfon, phenothiazine, and piperazine dihydrochloride powder.

- (a) Specifications. Each 54.10 grams (1.91 ounces) of water dispersible powder contains 9.10 grams of trichlorfon, 6.25 grams of phenothiazine, and the equivalent of 20.0 grams of piperazine base (as piperazine dihydrochloride).
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 000856 in  $\S 510.600(c)$  of this chapter.
- (c) Special considerations. Labeling shall bear the following statements: The drug is a cholinesterase inhibitor. Do not use this product in horses simultaneously with, or within 2 weeks before or after treatment with, or exposure to, neuromuscular depolarizing agents (e.g., succinylcholine) or to cholinesterase-inhibiting drugs, pesticides, or chemicals.
- (d) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. 18.2 milligrams of trichlorfon, 12.5 milligrams of phenothiazine, and 40.0 milligrams of piperazine base per pound of body weight.
- (2) Indications for use. For horses for removal of bots (Gastrophilus nasalis, Gastrophilus intestinalis), large strongyles (Strongylus vulgaris), small strongyles, large roundworms (ascarids, Parascaris equorum), and pinworms (Oxyuris equi).
- (3) Limitations. Mix powder and vial contents together in warm water to form suspension. Administer by stomach tube. Do not fast horses before or after treatment. Treatment of mares in late pregnancy is not recommended. Surgery or any severe stress should be avoided for at least 2 weeks before or after treatment. Do not administer to sick, toxic, or debilitated horses. Not

#### § 520.2582

to be used in horses intended for use as food. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[48 FR 2757, Jan. 21, 1983]

# § 520.2582 Triflupromazine hydrochloride tablets.

- (a) Specifications. Each tablet contains either 10 milligrams or 25 milligrams of triflupromazine hydrochloride.
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 053501 in \$510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use. (1) The drug is used in dogs and cats to relieve anxiety and to help control psychomotor overactivity as well as to increase the tolerance of animals to pain and pruritus. The drug is indicated in various office and clinical procedures which require the aid of a tranquilizer, antiemetic, or preanesthetic.<sup>1</sup>
- (2) The drug is administered orally to dogs and cats at a dosage level of 1 to 2 milligrams per pound of body weight daily; an initial dosage at the 2-milligrams level is suggested followed by daily doses at the 1-milligram level. Frequently, the drug may be withdrawn after 4 to 5 days, with drug effect continuing after withdrawal.
- (3) Do not use in conjunction with organophosphates and/or procaine hydrochloride, because phenothiazines may potentiate the toxicity of organophosphates and the activity of procaine hydrochloride.<sup>1</sup>
- (4) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.<sup>1</sup>

[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 50 FR 41489, Oct. 11, 1985]

## § 520.2598 Trilostane.

- (a) Specifications. Each capsule contains 10, 30, or 60 milligrams (mg) trilostane.
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 043264 in §510.600 of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use in dogs—(1) Amount. The starting dose is 1.0 to 3.0 milligrams per pound (2.2 to 6.7 milligrams per kilogram) once a day.
- (2) Indications for use. For treatment of pituitary-dependent hyperadrenocorticism. For treatment

- of hyperadrenocorticism due to adrenocortical tumor.
- (3) *Limitations*. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[74 FR 21767, May 11, 2009, as amended at 74 FR 30464, June 26, 2009]

# § 520.2604 Trimeprazine tartrate and prednisolone tablets.

- (a) Specifications. Each tablet contains: trimeprazine tartrate, 5 milligrams; and prednisolone, 2 milligrams.
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 000069 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use. (1) The drug is administered orally to dogs for the relief of itching regardless of cause; reduction of inflammation commonly associated with most skin disorders of dogs such as eczema, caused by internal disorders, otitis, and dermatitis, allergic, parasitic, pustular and nonspecific. It is also used in dogs as adjunctive therapy in various cough conditions including treatment of "kennel cough" or tracheobronchitis, bronchitis including allergic bronchitis, in tonsillitis, acute upper respiratory infections and coughs of nonspecific origin. The product may also be administered to dogs suffering from acute or chronic bacterial infections, provided the infection is controlled by appropriate antibiotic or chemotherapeutic agents.1
- (2) The drug is administered orally at an initial dosage level of ½ tablet twice daily to dogs weighing up to 10 pounds, one tablet twice daily to dogs weighing 11 to 20 pounds, two tablets twice daily to dogs weighing 21 to 40 pounds, and three tablets twice daily to dogs weighing over 40 pounds. After 4 days, the dosage is reduced to approximately ½ the initial dosage or to an amount just sufficient to maintain remission of symptoms. Dosages in individual cases may vary and should be adjusted until proper response is obtained.¹
- (3) Do not use the drug in cases of viral infections involving corneal ulceration or dendritic ulceration of the cornea.<sup>1</sup>
- (4) Clinical and experimental data have demonstrated that corticosteroids administered orally or parenterally to animals may induce the first stage of